

# Using SLP to Discover iSCSI Targets and Name Services

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# Status

- Background
  - Needed discovery protocol that could multicast
  - Suggestion to consider existing discovery protocols
- Key Decisions
  - SLP discovers targets in a local environment
  - SLP discovers name services in a larger environment
- Milestones
  - Draft 00 of SLP Template submitted

# Basic Discovery Requirements

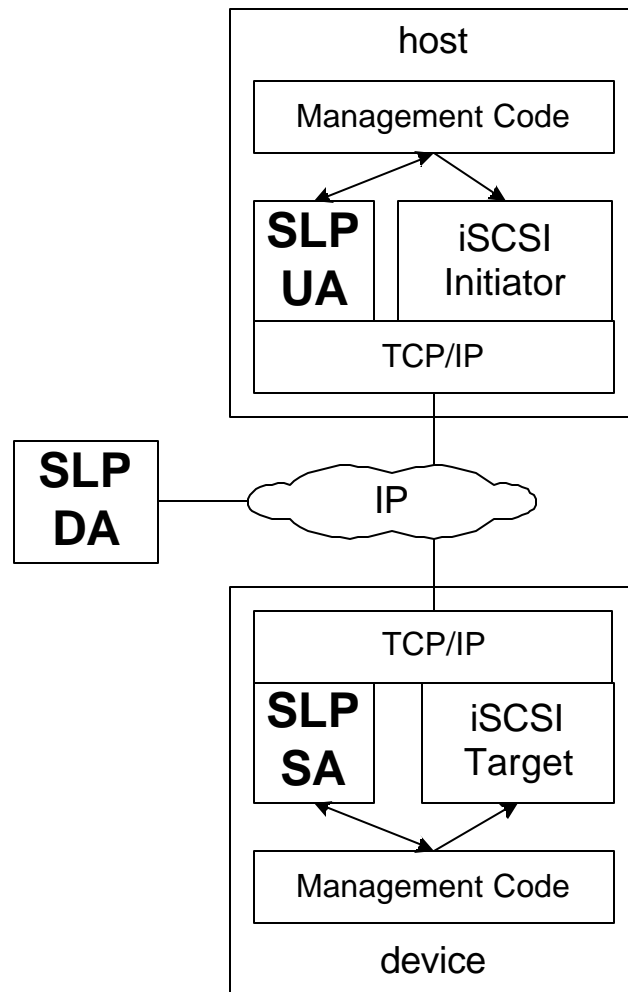
- Find targets by initiator's WWUI
  - “Tell me which targets you have that I should see”
- Find targets by target's WWUI
  - “Where is target iscsi.com.acme.foo?”
- Propagate attributes needed before connecting
  - Boot information, authentication information
- Scaling requirements
  - Zero-configuration, no servers in small environments
  - Reduce or eliminate multicast in medium environments
  - Interoperate with LDAP/iSNS in large environments

# Discovery Approach (NDT)

Deploy and interoperate in three stages:

1. Naming and Static Configuration
  - Configure both targets and initiators
  - Use SendTargets to reduce initiator config
2. SLP for multicast and simple discovery
  - Configure targets
3. iSNS for centralized management
  - Configure central iSNS server

# Service Location Protocol 101



- **Service Agent (SA)**
  - Advertises services
  - Services have attributes
- **User Agent (UA)**
  - Finds services
  - Zero configuration
- **Directory Agent (DA)**
  - Optional
  - Propagate service adverts
- **SLP Protocol**
  - UDP or TCP
  - Minimize multicast

# Implementing SLP for iSCSI

- Targets implement a Service Agent
  - Answer multicast requests or register with DA
- Initiators implement a User Agent
  - Use multicast or DA to locate targets
- Devices containing targets register:
  - The canonical target or individual targets
  - Attributes of targets
- Register target at each of its addresses

# iSCSI SLP Template

- iSCSI Service URL
  - service:iscsi:target:10.1.1.1:500/<target-wwui>
- Attributes for service:iscsi:wwui
  - WWUI – WWUI of target
  - Alias
  - Access-wwui – list of initiators allowed access
  - Boot-wwui – initiators that can boot from target
  - Roles, transports, mgmt-ipaddr, entity

# SLP and iSNS

- SLP used for target discovery
  - No configuration required for the simplest networks
  - Small footprint; no servers required
  - Just enough discovery for small-to-medium networks
  - Device-centric access control model
- iSNS adds storage management capabilities
  - Active monitoring of initiators and targets
  - Event propagation
  - Public key distribution
  - Centralized access control model



# Using Both SLP and iSNS

- Initiators can use both SLP and iSNS to discover targets
- Targets should use SLP only if not configured for iSNS
- Gateways or proxies may provide local SLP discovery of remote iSNS devices

# SLP Summary

- Serverless discovery of targets
  - Optional, generic DA to scale services
- Zero-configuration of hosts
  - SLP makes careful use of multicast
- Access list & attribute propagation
- Optional message authentication
- Available open source implementations

# Other Discovery Mechanisms

- DNS SRV – too limiting
- LDAP – Just a database interface
  - SLP can easily work with LDAP
- Jini – Requires Java; company-controlled
- UPnP – XML/HTTP; company-controlled
- Salutation – API; has interface to SLP
- Bluetooth, HAVi – not-IP environments

# Current Work Items

- Interoperability with iSNS
  - Should SLP refer an initiator to iSNS?
  - Can they share some code (authentication)
- Host/Device taxonomy & recommendations
  - What should implement SLP, iSNS, or both?
- See how open source implementations help
  - Completeness
  - Authentication

# Issues

- Should initiators be registered?
  - Not needed for simple discovery
  - Would be needed to distribute certificates
- Implementation
  - Authenticated SLP
  - SLP event propagation still being defined
  - mSLP – using multiple DAs

# Plan

- March
  - Accept SLP draft as a WG document
- May
  - Incorporate comments on draft
  - Re-issue draft as a WG document
- August
  - Final draft at IETF-51

# References

- Service Location Protocol, version 2
  - RFCs 2608, 2609
- SLP document
  - Draft-bakke-iscsi-slp-00
- iSCSI NDT Requirements
  - Draft-ietf-ips-iscsi-name-disc-00
- iSNS document
  - Draft-ietf-ips-isns-01