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Semantic Information Access

Question answering

- Which companies insure pets?
- Information extraction
 - Telecom investments: company, bank, amount, date
- Multi-document summarization
 - Pakistani terrorists attacked Mumbai Mumbai terror act traces to Pakistani militants
- Even keyword search
 - Water pollution [in China]

Need a Semantic Engine

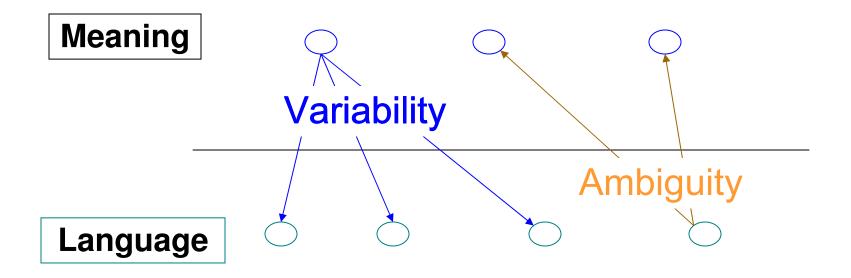
- It's desired to encompass semantic processing under a unified engine
 - Cf. morphology, syntax
- But it's not clear what semantics processing is!
- Engine desiderata
 - 1) Generic module for applications
 - □ Common underlying task, unified interface (API)
 - 2) Encompasses all phenomena (& knowledge)
 - *3)* Unified knowledge representations

Talk Outline

- 1) Textual Entailment and why it may be a good framework for semantic inference
- 2) How we approach it at Bar-Ilan
 - See poster
- 3) A proposal for a concrete inference engine API
 - How it can be used by applications

Textual Entailment: Task and Framework

Natural Language and Meaning *Why is it difficult?*



Variability of Semantic Expression

The Dow Jones Industrial Average closed up 255

Dow ends up

Dow climbs 255



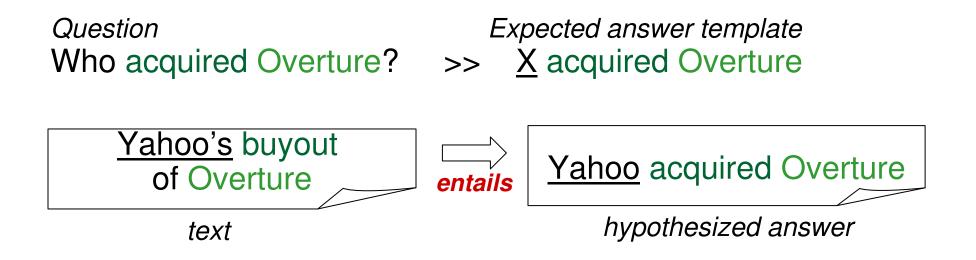
Dow gains 255 points

Stock market hits a record high

Model variability as relations between texts:

- Equivalence: *text1 ⇔ text2* (paraphrasing)
- Entailment: $text1 \Rightarrow text2$ the general case

Typical Application Inference



Application inferences can be reduced to entailment

- IE: X acquire Y
- Summarization (multi-document): identify redundant sentences
- MT: paraphrasing, evaluation
- Educational applications: student answer vs. reference

Applied Textual Entailment

Directional relation between two text fragments: Text (t) and Hypothesis (h):

t entails *h* (*t*⇒*h*) if humans reading *t* will infer that *h* is most likely true

- Operational (applied) definition:
 - Human gold standard
 - Entailment judgment matches applications judgments
 - Assuming common background knowledge
 - Language & world knowledge

Evaluation: PASCAL RTE Challenges

	TEXT	HYPOTHESIS	TASK	ENTAIL- MENT
1	Regan attended a ceremony in Washington to commemorate the landings in Normandy.	Washington is located in Normandy.	IE	False
2	Google files for its long awaited IPO.	Google goes public.	IR	True
3	: a shootout at the Guadalajara airport in May, 1993, that killed Cardinal Juan Jesus Posadas Ocampo and six others.	Cardinal Juan Jesus Posadas Ocampo died in 1993.	QA	True
4	The SPD got just 21.5% of the vote in the European Parliament elections, while the conservative opposition parties polled 44.5%.	The SPD is defeated by the opposition parties.	IE	True

RTE Participation and Impact

- Very successful challenges, world wide:
 - Over 40 groups so far
 - Hundreds of downloads
- RTE-4 (2008) under NIST
 - New TAC conference (with QA and summarization)
- High interest in research community
 - □ Papers, sessions and areas, PhD's, funding proposals
 - Special issue at of NLE Journal, ACL-07 tutorial, AVE@CLEF, ...

Initial use of RTE systems in applications

QA

Harabagiu & Hickl, ACL-06

Answer Validation Exercise at CLEF

Relation extraction

Romano et al., EACL-06

Educational applications

• Nielsen et al., ACL-08 workshop

Ongoing projects

Bar-Ilan's Approach for Textual Entailment Modeling

Teaser: see Roy's Bar-Haim poster this afternoon

Our Inference Formalism Bar-Haim et al., AAAI-07 & RTE3

- A *proof system* over parse trees:
 - Represents diverse kinds of semantic knowledge uniformly as entailment (inference) rules
 - Allows unified inference mechanism
- Analogy to logic proof systems:

Propositions	Parse Trees
Inference Rules	Tree transformations
Proof	A sequence of trees, generated by rule application

- Given Text (T) and Hypothesis (H), try to generate H from T
- Formalizes common transformation-based approaches

A Sample Proof

Text: McCain congratulated the elected president, Barack Obama.

Consequent

- ⇒Barack Obama is the elected president.
- \Rightarrow Barack Obama won the elections

⇒The Democratic nominee won the elections.

Entailment Rule

Apposition (syntactic)

X is the elected president \rightarrow X won the elections (lexical-syntactic)

Barack Obama → the Democratic nominee (lexical)

Hypothesis: The Democratic nominee won the elections.

Diverse Knowledge Types as Entailment Rules

Syntactic transformations:

Passive, appositives, relative clause, conjunctions, determiners

Lexical-syntactic predicate rules:

Learned with unsupervised algorithms (DIRT, TEASE)

Derived automatically by integrating WordNet and Nomlex

- X bought $Y \rightarrow Y$ was sold to X
 - X is a maker of $Y \rightarrow X$ produces Y

Lexical rules:

From WordNet and Wikipedia

 steal → take, Janis Joplin → singer, Amazon → South America

Polarity rules:

Manually-composed, utilizing VerbNet and PARC's polarity lexicon

□ Verbal negation, modal verbs, conditionals, verb polarity

Extracting Lexical Rules from Wikipedia

E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia (Redirected from E.T. [film))

E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial is a 1982 science fiction film co-produced and directed by Steven Spielberg, written by Melissa Mathison and starring Henry Thomas, Robert MacNaughton, Drew Barrymore, Dee Wallace and Peter Coyote. It tells the story of Elliott (played by Thomas), a lonely boy who befriends a friendly <u>alien</u> dubbed "E.T." who is stranded on Earth. Elliott and hi •Be-complement

Nominal complements of 'be'

•Redirect

various terms to canonical title

•Parenthesis

used for disambiguation

•Link

Maps to a title of another article

Towards a Concrete Semantic Engine

Entailment-based Inference Engine

Base a generic *inference* engine on the *entailment* task
 Reduce application inferences to entailment API

- <u>Different</u> than traditional approach of semantic analysis/annotation
 - □ E.g. semantic "parser"
 - Assuming that applications would make their own inferences, facilitated by these annotations
- \rightarrow Provide the eventual inference by the generic engine
 - Avoid forcing semantic annotations on the application (vs. morphology & parsing!)
- Need to specify API, and usage by applications (reductions)

Basic Function - Recognize Entailments

- RTE challenge mode
- Given (*t*,*h*) pair:
 - Is h's truth entailed by t? (contradicted/unknown)
- Validation mode for applications
- Target meaning considered as *h*:
 - \Box QA candidate answer entailed by passage
 - □ *IE* candidate extraction entailed by passage
 - Summarization avoid entailments within summary
 - □ *MT* paraphrasing sentence/paraphrase equivalence
 - □ *Tutoring* student answer entails reference

Typed Variables in Hypothesis

- Address "slot filling" (QA, IE)
- Allow **variables** in *h*
 - □ h: X elect Y
 - □ *t*: a candidate text for an election event
- Entailment engines can be naturally extended to *instantiate* variables

Textual typing for variables

- □ Types are *unrestricted textual expressions*, for names *and* terms
 - vs. pre-defined NER types
- □ Election example: *<X*: *executive board*, *Y*: *company official*>
- □ QA: "which" questions (*river*, *president*, *treatment*, …)

Meaning Disambiguation via Contextual Preferences

- Specify/disambiguate the meaning of the target h by textual context information
- Context types:
 - Textual types for variables (as above)
 - Disambiguating context terms
 - IE: X attack Y specify {military, war, terrorism} for template
 - Session/user context in QA&IR, doc context in summarization
- Avoid symbolic annotations to specify meaning (e.g. senses) – stick to textual representations
 - Contextual Preferences Szpektor et al., ACL-08

Operation modes

Recognition: recognize entailment given t/h pair

- Validation in applications
- Search: given h and corpus/doc, find all entailing texts
 QA, IR, IE against corpus/doc
- **Generation:** given text, generate all entailed statements
 - Paraphrase generation for MT
- Partial entailment: identify entailments of parts of h
 - Summarization, partial match

API Summary – Supply application needs

- 1. Recognize entailment for a (t,h) pair
- 2. Variables with textual types in hypothesis
- 3. Textual contextual preferences for disambiguation
- 4. Support all possible operation modes

Enabling New Capabilities, e.g. -Integrating IE and Search (w. HRL) Structured Search

causes of hypertension

Search

Results Summary	Results for causes of hypertension: Sodium
Hypertension causes Lifestyle Food Sodium Coffee drinking Smoking Alcohol drinking The North American diet Fat Imported licorice Activities Medicines with side effects Genetics Medical problems with side effects Others	Diet and Hypertension People trying to control hypertension often are advised to decrease sodium, increase potassium, watch their calories, and maintain a reasonable weight www.ext.colostate.edu/pubs/foodnut/09318.html - 57k - Cached - Similar pages - Note this Sodium Reduction and Hypertension Obesity, for example, may be an even bigger contributor to hypertension than sodium intake. Scientists have long stressed the high correlation between www.aces.edu/dept/extcomm/newspaper/feb13a01.html - 10k - Cached - Similar pages - Note this Is Sodium Restriction Important to Hypertension? Debate: the argument for and against implementing sodium restrictions to patients with hypertension. www.medscape.com/viewarticle/480719 - Similar pages - Note this Reduce Salt and Sodium in Your Diet Pressure, Hormone, Replacement, Therapy, Isolated systolic, hypertension (ISH) A key to healthy eating is choosing foods lower in salt and sodium
	www.nhlbi.nih.gov/hbp/prevent/sodium/sodium.htm - 17k - Cached - Similar pages - Note this

Research Challenges

Knowledge acquisition

Learning (corpora and web), extraction from resources, manual

Inference

- Principled models (inspired by logical & probabilistic reasoning)
- Representation, efficient search, scoring, approximate match
- Model specific semantic phenomena
 - Derivations, compounds relations, typing, modals, polarity...

Using generic entailment technology for applications

Takeouts

- It's time to think of generic semantic engines
 - Would provide needed inference for current applications
 - Enable new applications
- My proposal:
 - Base engine on entailment rather than annotation
 - Much room for formalization
 - Initial API
 - Highlights challenges for semantic research
- How long did it take for useful parsers?

